Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and Independent Auditors' Review Report



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. (the "Company") and subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the nine months then ended, and related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standard No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, its consolidated financial performance for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting".

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Wan-Yi Liao and Cheng-Chuan Yu.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

November 12, 2018

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Par Value)

	September 30 (Reviewe	*	December 31,		September 30, 2017 (Reviewed)		
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Notes 4 and 7) Notes receivable - related parties (Notes 4, 20 and 28)	\$ 7,046,004 114,859 9,521	29 1	\$ 6,822,021 874,052 1,612	26 3	\$ 7,383,362 162,959	31 1	
Trade receivables (Notes 4, 8 and 20) Trade receivables - related parties (Notes 4, 20 and 28) Other receivables (Notes 4 and 8)	51,814 585,690 13,143	2	39,135 897,956 125,753	4	47,026 397,970 36,556	2	
Inventories (Notes 4 and 9) Prepayments (Notes 11 and 28)	609,380	3	23,184	<u>.</u>	2,350 576,141	2	
Total current assets	8,430,411	35	8,783,713	_34	8,606,364	36	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 11)	13,912,622	57	15,251,359	59	13,543,002	56	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4, 5, 12 and 28) Computer software (Notes 4 and 13)	1,582,231 20,805	7	1,479,225 20,882	6	1,426,258 17,919	6	
Deferred tax assets (Note 4)	129,362	_	127,060	1	130,186	-	
Other non-current assets (Notes 14 and 28)	137,126	1	114,548		388,666	2	
Total non-current assets	15,782,146	<u>65</u>	16,993,074	_66	15,506,031	_64	
TOTAL	\$ 24,212,557	<u>100</u>	\$ 25,776,787	100	\$ 24,112,395	<u>100</u>	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY							
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Contract liabilities (Notes 20 and 28) Trade payables	\$ 55,891	-	\$ -	-	\$ -	-	
Trade payables - related parties (Note 28)	56,704 912,791	4	55,385 875,464	3	33,822 668,209	3	
Other payables (Note 15)	1,060,643	5	913,372	4	998,619	4	
Current tax liabilities (Note 4)	31,037	-	442,943	2	44,154	-	
Provisions (Notes 4, 5 and 16)	197,947	1	192,278	1	189,029	1	
Other current liabilities (Notes 17 and 28)	6,313		66,184		45,108		
Total current liabilities	2,321,326	_10	2,545,626	_10	1,978,941	8	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Contract liabilities (Notes 20 and 28) Provisions (Notes 4, 5 and 16)	27,810	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit balance of investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4 and 11)	64,953	-	62,931 6,146	-	59,613	-	
Net defined benefit liabilities (Note 4)	357,170	2	392,625	2	8,411 405,637	2	
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 4)	2,703,698	11	1,511,815	6	2,079,813	9	
Other non-current liabilities (Notes 17 and 28)			63,020		33,283		
Total non-current liabilities	3,153,631	13	2,036,537	8	2,586,757	_11	
Total liabilities	5.474,957	_23	4,582,163	18	4,565,698	_19	
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY Capital stock - NT\$10 par value; authorized - 600,000 thousand							
stocks; issued and outstanding - 300,000 thousand stocks	3,000,000	13	3,000,000	12	3,000,000	_12	
Capital surplus Retained earnings	6.129.405	_25	6,129,405	_24	6,129,405	25	
Legal reserve	4,884,164	20	4,519,914	17	4,519,914	19	
Special reserve	1,163,895	5	788,877	3	788,877	3	
Unappropriated earnings	4.455.575	<u>18</u>	7,131,446	28	5.441.607	23	
Total retained earnings Other equity	10,503,634	43	12,440,237	48	10.750.398	45	
Total equity	(895,439) 18,737,600	(<u>4</u>) <u>77</u>	(375,018)	<u>(2)</u>	(333,106)	(<u>1</u>)	
•				82	19.546,697	81	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 24,212,557</u>	100	<u>\$ 25,776,787</u>	100	<u>\$ 24,112,395</u>	<u>_100</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 12, 2018)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

ā	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
	2018 Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 20 and 28)	Amount	70	Amount	70	Amount	70	Amount	70
Sales (Note 4) Service revenue (Note 4)	\$ 6,454,249 13,890	100	\$ 7,868,440 10,161	100	\$ 22,818,196 49,989	100	\$ 26,531,946 21,390	100
Other operating revenue	22,557		26,316		63,525		69,843	
Total operating revenue	6,490,696	100	7,904,917	_100	22,931,710	100	26,623,179	_100
OPERATING COSTS Cost of goods sold (Notes 9, 21 and 28)	5,397,505	83	6,377,342	81	18,716,537	82	21,770,898	82
GROSS PROFIT	1,093,191	17	1,527,575	19	4,215,173	18	4,852,281	18
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 21 and 28) Selling and marketing	593,607	9	817,792	10	2,337,095	10	2,320,419	8
expenses General and administrative							,	
expenses Research and development	93,243	2	82,207	1	291,884	1	263,072	1
expenses	191,121	3	160,042	2	526,599	2	457,055	2
Total operating expenses	877,971	14	1,060,041	13	3,155,578	13	3,040,546	11
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 21)		-	43		-	-	104	
PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS	215,220	3	467,577	6	1,059,595	5	1.811.839	7
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profit of associates	1,547,553	24	1,452,077	18	4,655,796	20	4,344,521	16
Interest income (Note 4) Gain (loss) on financial assets at fair value	11,955	•	36,805	1	39,026	-	170,913	1
through profit or loss, net Other revenue (Note 28)	(3,147) 456	-	(9,441) 395	-	4,856 3,956	-	2,959 1,368	-
Gain on disposal of investment, net (Note 21)	6,502	-	12,604	-	2,450	-	3,944	-
Foreign exchange gain (loss), net (Note 21)	(19,615)	-	81,173	I	781	-	(333,172)	(1)
Interest expenses (Note 28) Other losses (Note 28)	(233) (170)	-	(253) (194)	-	(710) (1,914)	-	(10,897) (2,395)	-
Overseas business expenses (Note 28)	(2,488)		(2,301)		(7,244)		(8,782)	:
Total non-operating								
income and expenses	1,540,813	24	1,570,865	20	4,696,997	20	4.168.459	<u>16</u>
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	1,756,033	27	2,038,442	26	5,756,592	25	5,980,298	23
INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Notes 4 and 22)	351,250	5	346.619	5	1,400,287	6	1.016,257	4
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	1,404,783	22	1,691.823	21	4,356,305	19	<u>4,964,041</u> (C	19 ontinued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Th	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2018		2017		2018		2017	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Share of the other comprehensive income of associates accounted								
for using equity method (Note 11)	\$ -	-	\$ 21	_	\$ (22)	_	\$ 43	_
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Notes 4	(586)	-	(483)	-	4,977	-	(921)	-
and 22)	118 (468)		<u>78</u> (384)	 :	2.137 7.092		149 (729)	_ _
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	(678.065)		160,218	2	(520,421)	(2)	(370.958)	(2)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax	(678,533)	(11)	159.834	2	(513,329)	(2)	(371.687)	(2)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 726,250		<u>\$ 1,851,657</u>	23	\$ 3,842,976	17	<u>\$ 4,592,354</u>	<u>17</u>
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company	<u>\$ 1,404,783</u>		\$ 1,691,823	21	<u>\$ 4,356,305</u>	19	\$ 4,964,041	19
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owner of the Company	<u>\$ 726,250</u>	11	<u>\$ 1,851,657</u>	23	\$ 3,842,976	<u> 17</u>	\$ 4,592,354	<u> 17</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 23) Basic Diluted	\$ 4.68 \$ 4.68		\$ 5.64 \$ 5.64		\$ 14.52 \$ 14.52		\$ 16.55 \$ 16.55	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 12, 2018)

(Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Cash Dividends Per Share)
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

	Capital Stock	Capital Surplus (Note 19)	Ret Legal Reserve	Retained Earnings (Note 19) Special Reserve	9) Unappropriated Earnings	Other Equity Exchange Differences on Translating Foreign Operations	Total Equity
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2017	3,000,000	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 4,056,853	788,877	\$ 7,541,356	\$ 37,852	\$ 21,554,343
Appropriation of 2016 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividend distributed by the Company - \$22 per share		1	463,061		(463,061)		(000'009'9)
Net profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2017	1		463.061		(7.063.061) 4,964,041		(6,600,000)
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September $30,2017,\mathrm{net}$ of income tax					(729)	(370,958)	(371,687)
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017		Ì		r	4,963,312	(370,958)	4,592,354
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2017	3,000,000	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 4,519,914	\$ 788,877	\$ 5,441,607	\$ (333,106)	\$ 19,546,697
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2018	3,000,000	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 4,519,914	\$ 788,877	\$ 7,131,446	\$ (375,018)	\$ 21,194,624
Appropriation of 2017 Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividend distributed by the Company - \$21 per share	1 1 1		664,250	375,018	(664,250) (375,018) (6,000,000)		(6,300,000)
		1	364,250	375,018	(7,039,268)		(6,300,000)
Net profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2018	r	1	•	1	4,356,305	1	4,356,305
Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018, net of income tax	Î			Î	7,092	(520,421)	(513,329)
Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended September 30, 2018				r	4,363,397	(520,421)	3,842,976
BALANCE, SEPTEMBER 30, 2018	3,000,000	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 4,884,164	\$ 1,163,895	\$ 4455,575	\$ (895,439)	\$ 18,737,600

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

⁽With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 12, 2018)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 2018 2017 Lincome before income tax \$ 5,756,592 \$ 5,980,298 Adjustments for: Depreciation expenses 304,680 377,509 Amortization expenses 5,580 3,926 Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net Interest expense 710 10,897 Interest income (39,026) (170,913) Share of profit of associates (4,655,796) (4,344,521) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net - (104) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities 766,499 2,119,047 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties (33,711) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,711) (48,752) <t< th=""><th></th><th colspan="4">For the Nine Months Ended September 30</th></t<>		For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
Income before income tax		2			
Income before income tax	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Depreciation expenses 304,680 377,509 Amortization expenses 5,580 3,926 Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net (4,856) (2,959) Interest expense 710 10,897 Interest income (39,026) (170,913) Share of profit of associates (4,655,796) (4,344,521) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivables - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables - related parties (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties (37,141) (48,752) (26,226) Inventories 111,761 26,226 Inventories (37,141) (48,752) (6,354) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,364) (7,		\$	5,756,592	\$	5,980,298
Depreciation expenses 304,680 377,509					
Amortization expenses 5,580 3,926 Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net (4,856) (2,959) Interest expense 710 10,897 Interest income (39,026) (170,913) Share of profit of associates (4,655,796) (4,344,521) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities related parties 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivables - related parties (7,909) 4,174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174 174			304,680		377,509
Gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net (4,856) (2,959) Interest expense 710 10,897 Interest expense 710 10,897 Interest income (39,026) (170,913) Share of profit of associates (4,655,796) (4,344,521) Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net - (104) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities - (19,094) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables - related parties (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other pay			5,580		3,926
Interest expense			(4,856)		(2,959)
Interest income			710		10,897
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net - (104) Gain on disposal of investment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities - - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties 1,319 (145) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties (38,371) - Trade payables 1,417,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) <	*		(39,026)		(170,913)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net - (104) Gain on disposal of investment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties 1,319 (145) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties (47,809 (248,931) Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other on-current liabilities (30,478) (36,293)	Share of profit of associates		(4,655,796)		(4,344,521)
Gain on disposal of investment, net (2,450) (3,944) Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables - related parties 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash genera			-		(104)
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain), net (18,692) 48,831 Net changes in operating assets and liabilities 766,499 2,119,047 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivables - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables - related parties - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables - related parties 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables - related parties (819) 17,378 Trade payables - related parties (819) 17,378 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations <td></td> <td></td> <td>(2,450)</td> <td></td> <td>(3,944)</td>			(2,450)		(3,944)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) -			(18,692)		48,831
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 766,499 2,119,047 Notes receivable - related parties (7,909) 4,174 Trade receivables (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables - related parties (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other on-current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities 30,478 36,293 Cash generated from operating activities	Net changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Trade receivables (12,589) (6,494) Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities 30,478 (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (11,69,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (443,709)			766,499		2,119,047
Trade receivables - related parties 312,327 140,435 Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities 30,478 (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (443,709) (269,280) Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24)<	Notes receivable - related parties		(7,909)		4,174
Other receivables 111,761 26,226 Inventories - 159 Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Post 24) (443,709)	Trade receivables		(12,589)		(6,494)
Inventories	Trade receivables - related parties		312,327		140,435
Prepayments (37,141) (48,752) Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities 30,478 (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment and equipment property in refundable deposits (5,503) (7,143) Decreas	Other receivables		111,761		
Contract liabilities (38,371) - Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Inventories		-		
Notes payables - related parties - (1,536) Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Prepayments		(37,141)		(48,752)
Trade payables 1,319 (145) Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Contract liabilities		(38,371)		-
Trade payables - related parties 47,809 (248,931) Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Notes payables - related parties		-		
Other payables 147,271 113,572 Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 443,709 (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 24) 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Trade payables				
Other current liabilities (819) 17,378 Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,514,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Trade payables - related parties				
Provisions 7,691 (12,781) Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Value of the property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment payments for computer software 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Other payables				
Other non-current liabilities - (6,657) Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (710) (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Other current liabilities		, .		
Net defined benefit liabilities (30,478) (36,293) Cash generated from operations 2,614,112 3,958,422 Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Provisions		7,691		
Cash generated from operations Interest paid Income tax paid Net cash generated from operating activities Net cash generated from operating activities Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payments for computer software Payments for computer software Decrease in refundable deposits 2,614,112 3,958,422 1,143,872 2,773,056 (443,709) (269,280) (269,280) (7,143) 2,955 483			-		
Interest paid (710) (12,091) Income tax paid (1,169,530) (1,173,056) Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483		_		-	
Income tax paid Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payments for computer software Payments for computer software Decrease in refundable deposits (1,169,530) (1,173,056) (443,872 (443,709) (269,280) (3,948 (5,503) (7,143) (7,143) (7,143)	Cash generated from operations				
Net cash generated from operating activities 1,443,872 2,773,275 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payments for computer software Decrease in refundable deposits 1,443,872 2,773,275 (443,709) (269,280) 8 3,948 7,143) 2,955 483	-				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Income tax paid	-	(1,169,530)	_	(1,173,056)
Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24) (443,709) (269,280) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Net cash generated from operating activities	_	1,443,872	_	2,773,275
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Payments for computer software Decrease in refundable deposits 3,948 (5,503) (7,143) 2,955 483	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment 8 3,948 Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483	Payment for property, plant and equipment (Note 24)		(443,709)		(269,280)
Payments for computer software (5,503) (7,143) Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483			8		3,948
Decrease in refundable deposits 2,955 483			(5,503)		(7,143)
(Continued)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2,955		
					(Continued)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30					
	2018	2017				
Interest received Dividends received	\$ 39,875 5,466,869	\$ 165,753 5,168,975				
Net cash generated from investing activities	5,060,495	5,062,736				
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayments of short-term borrowings Payments of dividends Cash used in financing activities	(6,300,000) (6,300,000)	(3,630,000) (6,600,000) (10,230,000)				
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	19,616	(132,403)				
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	223,983	(2,526,392)				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	6,822,021	9,909,754				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	\$ 7,046,004	\$ 7,383,362				
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.						
(With Deloitte & Touche review report dated November 12, 2018)		(Concluded)				

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 AND 2017 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise) (Reviewed, Not Audited)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd. (the "Company," the Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group") is a business focused on the research and development of vehicles and the sale of vehicles. The Company started its operations in October 2003, after Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. ("Yulon") transferred its sales and research and development businesses to the Company in October 2003 through a spin-off. The Company's spin-off from Yulon intended to increase Yulon's competitive advantage and participation in the global automobile network and to enhance its professional management. The spin-off date was October 1, 2003.

Yulon initially held 100% equity interest in the Company but then transferred 40% of its equity to Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. ("Nissan"), a Japanese motor company, on October 30, 2003. The Company became listed on December 21, 2004 after the initial public offering application of the Company was accepted by the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation on October 6, 2004.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on November 12, 2018.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC) and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

Except for the following, whenever applied, the initial application of the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC would not have any material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and related amendments

IFRS 9 supersedes IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", with consequential amendments to IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" and other standards. IFRS 9 sets out the requirements for classification, measurement and impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting. Refer to Note 4 for information relating to the relevant accounting policies.

On the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed as at January 1, 2018, the Group has performed an assessment of the classification of recognized financial assets and has elected not to restate prior reporting periods.

The following table shows the original measurement categories and carrying amount under IAS 39 and the new measurement categories and carrying amount under IFRS 9 for each class of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as of January 1, 2018.

		Measurem	ent Category		Carrying A	Amount	
Financial Assets	IAS 3	9	IFRS 9		IAS 39	IFRS 9	Remark
Cash and cash equivalents Mutual funds Notes receivable, trade receivables and other receivables	Loans and rece Held for tradin Loans and rece	g	Amortized cost Mandatorily at FVT Amortized cost/man at FVTPL		6,822,021 874,052 1,064,456	\$ 6,822,021 874,052 1,064,456	2
Financial Assets	IAS 39 Carrying Amount as of January 1, 2018	Reclassifi- cation	Remeasure- ment	IFRS 9 Carrying Amount as of January 1, 2018	Retained Earnings Effect on January 1, 2018	Other Equity Effect o January 2018	7 On
<u>FVTPL</u>	\$ 874,052						
Add: Reclassification from loans and receivables (IAS 39) Required reclassification	<u>874.052</u>	\$ 35.16 35.16		\$ 909,217	\$ -	\$	a) -
Add: From loans and	-	7,851,31	2 -				b)
receivables (IAS 39)		7.851.31	<u> </u>	7.851.312	_		
	\$ 874,052	\$ 7,886,47	<u>z </u>	\$ 8,760,529	<u>s -</u>	\$	

- a) Trade receivables that were previously classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 were classified as at FVTPL under IFRS 9 because the objective of the Group's business model is achieved by selling financial assets.
- b) Notes receivable, trade receivables and other receivables that were previously classified as loans and receivables under IAS 39 were classified as at amortized cost with an assessment of expected credit losses under IFRS 9.

2) IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and related amendments

IFRS 15 establishes principles for recognizing revenue that apply to all contracts with customers, and supersedes IAS 18 "Revenue", IAS 11 "Construction Contracts" and a number of revenue-related interpretations. Refer to Note 4 for the related accounting policies.

Under IFRS 15, the net effect of revenue recognized and consideration received and receivable is recognized as a contract asset or a contract liability. Prior to the application of IFRS 15, a receivable was recognized or deferred revenue was reduced when revenue was recognized for the contract under IAS 18.

If the contract is non-cancellable, the Group will recognize a receivable and a contract liability when it has an unconditional right to consideration in accordance with IFRS 15. Prior to the application of IFRS 15, consideration was recognized as deferred revenue when received.

The Group elected only to retrospectively apply IFRS 15 to contracts that were not complete as of January 1, 2018 and recognize the cumulative effect of the change in the retained earnings as of January 1, 2018.

Impact on liabilities for current period

	As Originally Stated	Adjustments Arising from Initial Application	Restated
Contract liabilities - current Other current liabilities Contract liabilities - non-current Other non-current liabilities	\$ - 66,184 - 63,020	\$ 59,052 (59,052) 63,020 (63,020)	\$ 59,052 7,132 63,020
Total effect on liabilities	\$ 129,204	<u> </u>	\$ 129,204
			September 30, 2018
Increase in contract liabilities - current Increase in contract liabilities - non-current Decrease in other current liabilities Decrease in other non-current liabilities			\$ 55,891 27,810 (55,891) (27,810)
			\$ -

b. Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC) and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed by the FSC for application starting from 2019

New, Amended or Revised Standards and Interpretations (the "New IFRSs")	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 Cycle	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IFRS 9 "Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation"	January 1, 2019 (Note 2)
IFRS 16 "Leases"	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 19 "Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement"	January 1, 2019 (Note 3)
Amendments to IAS 28 "Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments"	January 1, 2019

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The FSC permits the election for early adoption of the amendments starting from 2018.
- Note 3: The Group shall apply these amendments to plan amendments, curtailments or settlements occurring on or after January 1, 2019.

1) IFRS 16 "Leases"

IFRS 16 sets out the accounting standards for leases that will supersede IAS 17 and a number of related interpretations.

Definition of a lease

Upon initial application of IFRS 16, the Group will elect to apply the guidance of IFRS 16, in determining whether contracts are, or contain a lease, only to contracts entered into (or changed) on or after January 1, 2019 in order to determine whether those contracts are, or contain, a lease. Contracts identified as containing a lease under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 will not be reassessed and will be accounted for in accordance with the transitional provisions under IFRS 16.

The Group as lessee

Upon initial application of IFRS 16, the Group will recognize right-of-use assets, or investment properties if the right-of-use assets meet the definition of investment properties, and lease liabilities for all leases on the consolidated balance sheets except for those whose payments under low-value and short-term leases will be recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis. On the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the Group will present the depreciation expense charged on right-of-use assets separately from the interest expense accrued on lease liabilities; interest is computed using the effective interest method. On the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash payments for the principal portion of lease liabilities will be classified within financing activities; cash payments for the interest portion will be classified within operating activities. Currently, payments under operating lease contracts, including property interest qualified as investment properties, are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis. Cash flows for operating leases are classified within operating activities on the consolidated statements of cash flows. Leased assets and finance lease payables are recognized for contracts classified as finance leases.

The Group anticipates applying IFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect of the initial application of this standard recognized on January 1, 2019. Comparative information will not be restated.

Lease liabilities will be recognized on January 1, 2019 for leases currently classified as operating leases with the application of IAS 17. Lease liabilities will be measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rate on January 1, 2019. Right-of-use assets will be measured at an amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments. Except for the following practical expedients which are to be applied, the Group will apply IAS 36 to all right-of-use assets.

The Group expects to apply the following practical expedients:

- a) The Group will apply a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics to measure lease liabilities.
- b) The Group will adjust the right-of-use assets on January 1, 2019 by the amount of any provisions for onerous leases recognized as of December 31, 2018.
- c) The Group will account for those leases for which the lease term ends on or before December 31, 2019 as short-term leases.
- d) The Group will exclude initial direct costs from the measurement of right-of-use assets on January 1, 2019.
- e) The Group will use hindsight, such as in determining lease terms, to measure lease liabilities.

The Group as lessor

Except for sublease transactions, the Group will not make any adjustments for leases in which it is a lessor and will account for those leases with the application of IFRS 16 starting from January 1, 2019.

Except for the above impacts, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group continues assessing other possible impacts that application of the aforementioned amendments and the related amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose these other impacts when the assessment is completed.

c. New IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 3 "Definition of a Business" Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between An Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture"	January 1, 2020 (Note 2) To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts" Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 "Definition of Material"	January 1, 2021 January 1, 2020 (Note 3)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The Group shall apply these amendments to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2020 and to asset acquisitions that occur on or after the beginning of that period.
- Note 3: The Group shall apply these amendments prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICY

Statement of Compliance

This interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in these interim consolidated financial statements is less than the disclosure information required in a complete set of annual consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present values of the defined benefit obligation less than fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- a. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b. Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- c. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Classification of Current and Non-current Assets and Liabilities

Current assets include cash, cash equivalents, assets held for trading purposes and assets that are expected to be converted into cash or consumed within one year from the balance sheet date; assets other than current assets are non-current assets. Current liabilities include liabilities due to be settled within one year from the balance sheet date; liabilities other than current liabilities are non-current liabilities.

Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e. its subsidiaries).

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

See Note 10 and Table 5 for detailed information on subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

Foreign Currencies

The financial statements of each individual group entity are presented in its functional currency, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, New Taiwan dollars (NT\$). Upon preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operations and financial positions of each individual entity are translated into New Taiwan dollars.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

The foreign currency financial statements of foreign associates accounted for using the equity method prepared in their functional currencies are translated into New Taiwan dollars at the following exchange rates: Assets and liabilities - period-end rates; profit and loss - average rates for the period; equity - historical rate. Any arising exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at the weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor in a joint venture.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the Group's share of equity of associates.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals its interest in that associate, the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses and liabilities are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal obligations, or constructive obligations, or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Investments accounted for using the equity method are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. When there is objective evidence that the investments accounted for using the equity method have been impaired, the impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss.

The Group depreciates molds and dies on the basis of the estimated units sold. Other property, plant and equipment are depreciated by using the straight-line method. The estimated sales volume, useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods of an asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

Computer Software

Computer software is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated amortization. The amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over 3 years. The estimated useful life, residual value and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. The residual value of computer software shall be assumed to be zero unless the Group expects to dispose of the asset before the end of its economic life.

Impairment of Assets

When the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment and computer software exceeds its recoverable amount, the excess is recognized as an impairment loss. When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to an acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

a. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

1) Measurement category

2018

a) Financial asset at FVTPL

A financial asset is classified as at FVTPL when the financial asset is mandatorily classified or it is designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss does not incorporate any dividends or interest earned on such financial assets. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 27.

b) Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other receivables at amortized cost, are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for:

i. Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and

ii. Financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2017

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss does not incorporate any dividends or interest (including dividends or interest received in the investment year) earned on such financial assets. Refer to Note 27 for the method of determining fair value.

b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables are measured using the effective interest method at amortized cost less any impairment, except for short-term receivables when the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

2) Impairment of financial assets

2018

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables) and contract assets.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (i.e. ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring reflected in the weights. Lifetime ECLs represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

2017

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For financial assets at amortized cost, such as trade receivables and other receivables, such assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they were assessed not to be impaired individually.

For financial assets at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognized is the difference between such an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment (at the date the impairment is reversed) does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

The carrying amount of a financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables and other receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable and other receivables are considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

3) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

b. Financial liabilities

1) Subsequent measurement

All the financial liabilities are measured at amortized costs using the effective interest method.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

Provisions

a. Inventory purchase commitments

Where the Group has a commitment for which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations exceed the economic benefits expected to be received, the present obligations arising from such commitments are recognized and measured as provisions.

b. Warranties

Provisions for the expected cost of warranty obligations are recognized at the date of sale of the relevant products, at the best estimate by the management of the Group of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation.

Revenue Recognition

2018

The Group identifies contracts with the customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations, and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

a. Revenue from sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of vehicles and parts. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and the title has passed.

b. Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from the rendering of services comes from designing and performing the R&D of cars. Contract assets and revenue are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the respective contract, and contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables when the remaining obligation is performed. If the milestone payment exceeds the revenue recognized to date, then the Group recognizes a contract liability for the difference.

2017

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

a. Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and the title has passed.

b. Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the contract.

c. Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when a stockholder's right to receive payment has been established.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

Employee Benefits

a. Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

b. Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit in the Group's defined benefit plans.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The effect of a change in tax rate resulting from a change in tax law is recognized consistent with the accounting for the transaction itself which gives rise to the tax consequence, and is recognized in profit or loss, other comprehensive income in full in the period in which the change in tax rate occurs.

a. Current tax

Current taxable payable depends on current tax income. Taxable income is different from the net income before tax on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the reason that partial revenue and expenses are taxable or deductible items in other period, or not the taxable or deductible items according to related Income Tax Law. The Group's current tax liabilities are calculated by the legislated tax rate on balance sheet date.

Income tax of the interim period is assessed based on one-year period. The income tax expense is calculated using income before tax of the interim period based on the applicable tax rate of the expected total earnings of the year.

According to the Income Tax Law, an additional tax at 10% of unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the stockholders approve to retain the earnings as the status of appropriations of earnings is uncertain.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

b. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized.

c. Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income, in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period.

a. Property, plant and equipment - molds and dies

The Group depreciates molds and dies on the basis of a units of production method and examines the estimated units sold of each model according to the changes in the market semiannually as a basis to calculate amounts allocated to each mold and die.

b. Provisions for the expected cost of warranties

The provisions for warranties are calculated on the basis of the estimate of quarterly warranty expenditure per car and the estimated units subject to warranty during the future warranty period. The estimate of quarterly warranty expenditure per car is calculated based on the average of actual warranty expense in the past and the estimated number of units of cars subject to warranty at the end of every quarter. As of September 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017, the carrying amounts of provisions for warranties were \$161,697 thousand, \$151,484 thousand and \$139,294 thousand, respectively.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Cash on hand	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20
Checking accounts and demand deposits	763,324	1,001,974	927,034
Foreign currency demand deposits	418,108	2,174,847	693,274
Cash equivalents			
Foreign currency time deposits	5,602,583	3,027,090	5,258,555
Time deposits	6,900	6,900	6,900
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	255,089	611,210	497,579
	<u>\$ 7,046,004</u>	<u>\$ 6,822,021</u>	\$ 7,383,362

Cash equivalents include time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash, and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

The market interest rates intervals of demand deposits, time deposits and repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2018	2017	2017
Demand deposits and time deposits	0.001%-3.85%	0.001%-4.10%	0.001%-3.72%
Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds	2.40%	1.85%-2.00%	1.85%

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		September 30, 2017	
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL					
Non-derivative financial assets Mutual funds	\$ 114,859	\$	-	\$	-
Financial assets held for trading					
Non-derivative financial assets Mutual funds		874,0	052	162	2,959
	\$ 114,859	\$ 874,0	052	\$ 162	2,959

8. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Trade receivables			
At amortized cost	\$ 51,814	<u>\$ 39,135</u>	\$ 47,026
Other receivables			
Interest receivables Disposal of investment receivables Others	\$ 3,969 - 9,174	\$ 4,818 98,000 22,935	\$ 23,608 12,948
	\$ 13,143	\$ 125,753	\$ 36,556

a. Trade receivables

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018

In order to minimize credit risk, the sales department traces payment collection regularly to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provisions for expected credit losses prescribed by IFRS 9, which permits the use of a lifetime expected losses provision for all trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience with the respective debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtor operates and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date. The provision for losses based on the past due status of receivables is further distinguished by domestic customers and foreign customers. Nevertheless, the Group did not recognized an expected losses provision for trade receivables due to the estimation performed by the Group at the end of the reporting period, which shows that there was not a significant change in the credit quality of the receivables and the amounts were still considered recoverable.

The aging of receivables based on the past due days from invoice date was as follows:

	September 30, 2018
0-60 days	\$ 51.814

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017

For the trade receivables balances that were past due at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not recognize an allowance for impairment loss, because there was not a significant change in credit quality and the amounts were still considered recoverable. The Group did not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements for these balances.

The aging of receivables based on the past due days from invoice date was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2017
0-60 days 61-90 days 91-120 days	\$ 39,135	\$ 46,078 891 57
	\$ 39,135	\$ 47,026

The aging of receivables that were past due but not impaired was as follows:

	December 31, 2018	September 30, 2017	
1-60 days 61-90 days	\$ 3,088 ———————————————————————————————————	\$ 7,838 57	
	\$ 3,088	<u>\$ 7,895</u>	

b. Other receivables

When there is objective evidence that other receivables were impaired, the Group assesses impairment loss on other receivables for impairment individually.

There were no past due other receivables balances at the end of the reporting period and the Group did not recognize an allowance for impairment loss.

9. INVENTORIES

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	
Vehicles Parts	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - 2,350	
	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,350	

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the three months ended September 30, 2018 was \$5,397,505 thousand, which included warranty costs of \$36,436 thousand and reversal of losses on inventory purchase commitments of \$2,446 thousand. The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was \$18,716,537 thousand, which included warranty costs of \$130,541 thousand and reversal of losses on inventory purchase commitments of \$2,522 thousand. The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$6,377,342 thousand, which included warranty cost of \$42,470 thousand and reversal of loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$8,170 thousand. The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$21,770,898 thousand, which included warranty cost of \$111,694 thousand and reversal of loss on inventory purchase commitment of \$15,344 thousand.

10. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries Included in Consolidated Financial Statements

				% of Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Main Business	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd.	Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. Jetford Inc.	Investment Investment	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00	100.00 100.00

11. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Material associate			
Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.	\$ 10,603,341	\$ 12,375,179	\$ 10,838,664
Associates that are not individually material			
Aeolus Xiangyang Automobile Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Lan You Technology Co., Ltd. Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd. Dong Feng Yulon Used Cars Co., Ltd. Add: Credit balance of investments accounted	1,836,076 749,212 723,781 	1,426,870 719,927 729,383 (6,146) 2,870,034	1,289,912 683,418 731,008 (8,411) 2,695,927
for using equity method	3,309,281	6,146 2,876,180	
	\$ 13,912,622	\$ 15,251,359	\$ 13,543,002

a. Material associate

			Proportion of Ownership and Voting Rights			
Company Name	Main Business	Location	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017	
Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.	Developing and manufacturing of parts and vehicles and related services	Guangdong Province	40%	40%	40%	

The summarized financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs purposes.

Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.

	Se	eptember 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	\$	4,399,616 32,959,285 (7,019,209) (3,831,340)	\$ 9,860,622 34,726,040 (9,729,550) (3,919,165)	\$ 6,933,086 33,279,492 (12,156,847) (959,070)
Equity	<u>\$</u>	26,508,352	\$ 30,937,947	\$ 27,096,661
Equity attributable to the Group Carrying amount	<u>\$</u> \$	10,603,341 10,603,341	\$ 12,375,179 \$ 12,375,179	\$ 10,838,664 \$ 10,838,664
	For the Three Months Ended September 30			Months Ended nber 30
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenue Net profit for the period Dividends received from	\$ 7,954,465 \$ 3,191,295	\$ 8,214,359 \$ 3,289,756	\$ 24,436,257 \$ 10,315,044	\$ 22,552,553 \$ 9,925,302
Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,466,869	\$ 4,262,688	\$ 5,466,869	\$ 4.262.688

As of September, 30, 2018, the amount of remitted withholding tax, paid by dividends received from investee companies in mainland China is \$552,170 thousand, recognized as prepayments.

b. Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months End September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
The Group's share of:				
Net profit for the period	\$ 271,035	\$ 136,174	\$ 529,778	\$ 374,400
Other comprehensive income		21	(22)	43
Total comprehensive income				
for the period	\$ 271,035	<u>\$ 136,195</u>	\$ 529,756	\$ 374,443

c. Other information

The investments accounted for using equity method and the share of profit of those investments for the three months and the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was based on the associates' financial statements reviewed by the auditors for the same periods.

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Molds	Dies	Computer Equipment	Other Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Machinery and Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Tools	Total
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additions Reclassification Disposals	\$ 4,643,465 56,706 (1,050)	\$ 854,314 21,695 -	\$ 77,070 3,014 2,705	\$ 159,610 16,316	\$ 18,442 4,135 (4,070)	\$ 6,662	\$ 8,903 - -	\$ 5,694	\$ 5,774,160 101,866 2,705 (5,120)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ 4.699.121</u>	\$ 876.009	\$ 82,789	<u>\$ 175,926</u>	<u>\$ 18,507</u>	\$ 6.662	\$ 8,903	\$ 5.694	<u>\$ 5.873,611</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2017 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ (3,283,229) (290,639) 	\$ (606,388) (62,540)	\$ (65,054) (4,237)	\$ (95,913) (16,903)	\$ (4,742) (1,689) 226	\$ (6,033) (126)	\$ (4,166) (1,329)	\$ (5,595) (46)	\$ (4,071,120) (377,509)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ (3.572.818</u>)	<u>\$ (668,928)</u>	<u>\$ (69.291</u>)	<u>\$ (112.816)</u>	<u>\$ (6.205)</u>	<u>\$(6.159</u>)	<u>\$ (5.495)</u>	<u>\$ (5,641)</u>	<u>\$ (4.447.353</u>)
Carrying value, net, September 30, 2017	<u>\$_1.126.303</u>	\$ 207.081	\$ 13,498	\$ 63.110	<u>\$ 12.302</u>	\$ 503	\$ 3,408	<u>\$ 53</u>	<u>\$ 1,426.258</u>
Cost									
Balance at January 1, 2018 Additions Disposals Reclassification	\$ 4,824,833 333,124 (1,848,101) (67)	\$ 900,435 61,993 (330,764)	\$ 82,583 2,016 (22)	\$ 177,639 10,561 67	\$ 19,022	\$ 6,662	\$ 4,393	\$ 5,694	\$ 6,021,261 407,694 (2,178,887)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 3,309,789	<u>\$ 631.664</u>	<u>\$ 84.577</u>	<u>\$ 188,267</u>	<u>\$ 19.022</u>	<u>\$ 6.662</u>	<u>\$ 4,393</u>	\$ 5.694	<u>\$ 4.250.068</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment									
Balance at January 1, 2018 Depreciation expense Disposals	\$ (3,655,330) (241,675) 1,848,101	\$ (683,481) (40,893) 330,764	\$ (64,142) (5,063) 14	\$ (118,239) (14,111)	\$ (6,869) (2,035)	\$ (6,201) (127)	\$ (2,123) (659)	\$ (5,651) (27)	\$ (4,542,036) (304,680)
Balance at September 30, 2018	<u>\$ (2.048.904</u>)	<u>\$ (393.700)</u>	<u>\$ (69,191</u>)	<u>\$ (132.350)</u>	<u>\$ (8.904)</u>	<u>\$ (6,328)</u>	\$ (2.782)	<u>\$ (5.678)</u>	<u>\$ (2.667,837)</u>
Carrying amount, net, December 31, 2017 and January 1, 2018 Carrying amount, net, September 30, 2018	\$ 1.169.503 \$ 1.260.885	\$ 216.954 \$ 237.964	\$ 18,441 \$ 15,386	\$ 59.400 \$ 55.917	\$ 12,153 \$ 10,118	\$ 461 \$ 334	\$ 2.270 \$ 1.611	\$ 43 \$ 16	\$ 1.479.225 \$ 1.582.231

There were no signs of impairment losses of assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017; therefore, the Group did not assess for impairment.

Except molds and dies which are depreciated on an estimated units-sold basis, other property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Computer equipment	3 to 5 years
Other equipment	
Powered equipment	15 years
Experimental equipment	3 to 8 years
Office and communication equipment	3 years
Other equipment	1 to 10 years
Transportation equipment	4 to 5 years
Machinery and equipment	3 to 10 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years
Tools	2 to 5 years

13. COMPUTER SOFTWARE

	Amount
Cost	
Balance, January 1, 2017 Reclassification Additions Disposals	\$ 27,289 (2,705) 7,143 (5,752)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$ 25,975
Accumulated amortization	
Balance, January 1, 2017 Amortization expenses Disposals	\$ (9,882) (3,926) 5,752
Balance, September 30, 2017	<u>\$ (8,056)</u>
Carrying amounts at September 30, 2017	\$ 17,919
Cost	
Balance, January 1, 2018 Additions Disposals	\$ 25,302 5,503 (1,767)
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ 29,038
Accumulated amortization	
Balance, January 1, 2018 Amortization expenses Disposals	\$ (4,420) (5,580) 1,767
Balance, September 30, 2018	\$ (8,233)
Carrying amounts December 31, 2017 and January 1, 2018 Carrying amounts at September 30, 2018	\$ 20,882 \$ 20,805

There were no signs of impairment losses of assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017; therefore, the Group did not assess for impairment.

14. OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2018	2017	2017
Refundable deposits (Note 28) Prepayments for equipment	\$ 95,620	\$ 98,575	\$ 375,624
	41,506	15,973	13,042
	<u>\$ 137,126</u>	\$ 114,548	\$ 388,666

15. OTHER PAYABLES

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Advertising and promotion fees Salaries and bonuses Taxes	\$ 722,400 250,830 14,276	\$ 452,021 344,476	\$ 614,999 292,310 8,337
Others .	73,137 \$ 1,060,643	116,875 \$ 913,372	\$ 998,619

16. PROVISIONS

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Current Inventory purchase commitments Warranties	\$ 101,203 96,744	\$ 103,725 88,553	\$ 109,348
	\$ 197,947	\$ 192,278	\$ 189,029
Non-current Warranties	\$ 64,953	\$ 62,931	\$ 59,613
	Inventory Purchase Commitments	Warranties	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017 Additional provisions recognized (reversed) Paid	\$ 124,692 (15,344)	\$ 136,731 111,694 (109,131)	\$ 261,423 96,350 (109,131)
Balance at September 30, 2017	<u>\$ 109,348</u>	\$ 139,294	\$ 248,642
Balance at January 1, 2018 Additional provisions recognized (reversed) Paid	\$ 103,725 (2,522)	\$ 151,484 130,541 (120,328)	\$ 255,209 128,019 (120,328)
Balance at September 30, 2018	\$ 101,203	\$ 161,697	\$ 262,900

The provisions for losses on inventory purchase commitments represent the present obligations of which the unavoidable costs for meeting the obligations under the commitments exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the commitments.

The provisions for warranty claims represent the present value of management's best estimate of the future outflow of economic benefits that will be required under the Group's obligations for warranties under the local sale of goods legislation. The estimate had been made on the basis of historical warranty trends.

17. OTHER LIABILITIES

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2018	2017	2017
Current Receipts in advance (Note 28) Withholding Others	\$ -	\$ 59,052	\$ 35,416
	2,985	3,107	3,171
	3,328	4,025	
	<u>\$ 6,313</u>	\$ 66,184	\$ 45,108
Non-current Receipts in advance (Note 28)	<u>\$</u>	\$ 63,020	\$ 33,283

18. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plan

The Company adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (the "LPA"), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The total expense recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$3,673 thousand, \$3,622 thousand, \$11,005 thousand and \$10,793 thousand, respectively, and represents contributions payable to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

There were no regular employees for Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. and Jetford Inc. as of September 30, 2018; therefore, the subsidiaries had no pension plan for employees.

b. Defined benefit plan

Employee benefit expenses in respect of the Group's defined benefit retirement plans were \$2,435 thousand, \$2,558 thousand, \$7,306 thousand and \$7,673 thousand for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, and the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 respectively, and were calculated using the actuarially determined pension cost discount rate as of December 31, 2017 and 2016.

19. EQUITY

a. Capital surplus

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Excess from spin-off Generated from investments accounted for	\$ 5,986,507	\$ 5,986,507	\$ 5,986,507
using equity method	142,898	142,898	142,898
	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 6,129,405	\$ 6,129,405

The capital surplus arising from shares issued in excess of par (including excess from spin-off) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).

The capital surplus from investments accounted for using equity method may not be used for any purpose.

b. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the amended Articles, where the Company made profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit, setting aside or reversing special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the stockholders' meeting for distribution of dividends and bonus to stockholders. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation after the amendment, refer to Note 21-e. on employees' compensation.

The Company operates in a mature and stable industry. In determining the distribution of dividends, the Company considers factors such as the impact of dividends on reported profitability, cash required for future operations, any potential changes in the industry, interest of the stockholders and the effect on the of Company's financial ratios. The amount of dividends, which can be cash dividends or stock dividends, is formulated to be less than 90% of net income, though the final issued ratios would be proposed and approved by the board of directors. Cash dividends should be at least 20% of total dividends to be distributed to the stockholders.

Under Rule No. 1010012865 issued by the FSC and the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs", the Company should appropriate or reverse to a special reserve.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's capital surplus. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's capital surplus, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings for 2017 and 2016 has been approved in the stockholders' meeting on June 21, 2018 and June 26, 2017 were as follows:

	Ap	Appropriation of Earnings For the Year Ended December 31		For the Y	r Share (NT\$) ear Ended aber 31	
	4	2017		2016	2017	2016
Legal reserve Special reserve		664,250 375,018	\$	463,061		
Cash dividends	6,	000,000	+	6,600,000	\$20	\$22

The Company's shareholders also resolved to issue share cash dividends from legal reserve of \$300,000 thousand, in the shareholders' meeting on June 21, 2018.

20. REVENUE

a. Contact balances

	September 30, 2018
Notes receivable - related parties (Note 28)	\$ 9,521
Trade receivables (Note 8)	\$ 51,814
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 28)	\$ 449,898
Contract liabilities Designing and performing R&D of cars (Note 28) Others Contract liabilities - current	\$ 53,136 2,755 55,891
Designing and performing R&D of cars (Note 28) Contract liabilities - non-current	27,810 27,810
	\$ 83,701

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the Group's performance and the customer's payment.

Revenue of the reporting period recognized from the beginning contract liability and from the performance obligations satisfied in previous periods is as follows:

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018

From the beginning contract liability
Designing and performing R&D of cars

\$ 32,386

b. Disaggregation of revenue

Refer to Note 32 for information about disaggregation of revenue.

c. Partially completed contracts

The performance obligations that are not fully satisfied and the expected timing for recognition of revenue are as below.

	September 30, 2018
Designing and performing R&D of cars - in 2018 - in 2019 - in 2020	\$ 14,030 50,553 <u>16,363</u>
	\$ 80,946

The above information does not include contracts with expected duration equal to or less than one year.

21. NET PROFIT

a. Other operating income and expenses

		For the Three Months Ended September 30		September 30			Months Ended nber 30
		2018	2017	2018	2017		
	Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$ 43</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 104</u>		
b.	Depreciation and amortization						
			Months Ended		Months Ended		
		2018	2017	2018	2017		
	Property, plant and equipment Computer software	\$ 61,806 	\$ 114,071 1,405	\$ 304,680 5,580	\$ 377,509 3,926		
		<u>\$ 63,816</u>	\$ 115,476	\$ 310,260	\$ 381,435		
	An analysis of depreciation by function						
	Operating costs Operating expenses	\$ 54,949 6,857	\$ 105,679 8,392	\$ 282,660 22,020	\$ 353,179 24,330		
		\$ 61,806	\$ 114,071	<u>\$ 304,680</u>	\$ 377,509		
	An analysis of amortization by function						
	Operating expenses	\$ 2,010	\$ 1,405	\$ 5,580	\$ 3,926		
c.	Technical cooperation agreement						
		For the Three I		For the Nine N			
		2018	2017	2018	2017		
	Operating costs	\$ 100,964	\$ 121,802	\$ 385,872	\$ 416,439		

The Company has a technical cooperation agreement (the "TCA") with Nissan and Autech Japan, Inc. The TCA with Nissan is based on purchase costs less commodity tax. The TCA with Autech Japan, Inc. is based on development expenses together with royalty expenses.

d. Employee benefits expense

	For the Three Months Ended September 30				Months Ended nber 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Post-employment benefits (Note 18)						
Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans	\$ 3,673 2,435 6,108	$\begin{array}{r} 3,622 \\ \underline{2,558} \\ 6,180 \end{array}$	\$ 11,005	\$ 10,793		
Labor and health insurance Salary	9,359 138,755	8,423 136,734	30,884 426,576	29,063 459,837		
Other employee benefit	$\frac{14,987}{163,101}$	13,142 158,299	38,313 495,773	40.947 529,847		
Total employee benefit expenses	<u>\$ 169,209</u>	<u>\$ 164,479</u>	\$ 514,084	\$ 548,313		
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function Operating cost Operating expenses Non-operating expenses	\$ - \$ 169.097 \$ 112	\$ 98 \$ 164,234 \$ 147	\$ <u>-</u> \$ 513,733 \$ 351	\$ 409 \$ 547,376 \$ 528		

e. Employees' compensation

The Company accrued employees' compensation at the rates no less than 0.1% of net profit before income tax, and employees' compensation. The employees' compensation for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, were as follows:

Accrual rate

			For the Nine Months Ended September 30	
			2018	2017
Employees' compensation			0.10%	0.10%
Amount				
	For the Three Months Ended September 30 For the Nine Month September 3			
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Employees' compensation	\$ 1,476	\$ 1,686	\$ 5,454	\$ 5,986

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

The appropriations of employees' compensation for 2017 and 2016 having been resolved by the board of directors on March 26, 2018, and March 27, 2017, respectively, were as below.

	For the Year En	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2017	2016 Cash		
	Cash			
Employees' compensation	\$ 8,011	\$ 5,773		

There was no difference between the actual amounts of the employees' compensation paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Information on the employees' compensation resolved by the Company's board of directors in 2018 and 2017 is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

f. Gain or loss on foreign currency exchange, net

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ (22,131) 2,516	\$ 93,455 (12,282)	\$ 123,341 (122,560)	\$ 175,593 (508,765)
Net profit (loss)	<u>\$ (19,615)</u>	\$ 81,173	\$ 781	<u>\$ (333,172)</u>

g. Gain or loss on disposal of investments, net

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months Ended September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Gain on disposal of investments Loss on disposal of investments	\$ 13,412 (6,910)	\$ 12,604	\$ 13,412 _(10,962)	\$ 14,047 _(10,103)
Net loss	\$ 6,502	\$ 12,604	\$ 2,450	\$ 3,944

22. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Current tax								
In respect of current period Adjustments for prior periods	\$	35,130	\$	57,555	\$	207,965 604	\$	255,235 (1,640)
Deferred tax								, , ,
In respect of current period Adjustments to deferred tax attributable to changes in		316,120		289,064		944,222		762,662
tax rates and laws)]		-		_	247,496	-	=
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$</u>	351,250	\$	346,619	\$	1,400,287	\$	1,016,257

The Income Tax Act in the ROC was amended in 2018 and the corporate income tax rate was adjusted from 17% to 20% effective in 2018. The effect of the change in tax rate on deferred tax expense to be recognized in profit or loss is recognized in full in the period in which the change in tax rate occurs. In addition, the rate of the corporate surtax applicable to 2018 unappropriated earnings will be reduced from 10% to 5%.

Under the laws of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands, Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. and Jetford Inc., respectively, is tax-exempt.

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

		e Months Ended mber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Deferred tax						
Effect of change in tax rate In respect of current period Share of other comprehensive income of	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,128	\$ -		
associates	-	(3)	4	(7)		
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	118	81	(995)	<u> 156</u>		
Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 118</u>	<u>\$ 78</u>	\$ 2,137	<u>\$ 149</u>		

c. Income tax assessment

The Company's tax returns through 2016, except 2015, have been assessed by the tax authorities.

23. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The earnings and weighted-average number of common stock outstanding in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net Profit for the Period

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		For the Nine Months End September 30	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Earnings used in the computation of basic and diluted earnings per				
share	\$ 1,404,783	\$ 1,691,823	\$ 4,356,305	\$ 4,964,041

Weighted-average Number of Common Stock Outstanding (In Thousands of Shares)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30		2 02 020 1 1220 1	Months Ended aber 30
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Weighted-average number of common stock in computation of basic earnings per share Effect of potential dilutive common stock:	300,000	300,000	300,000	300,000
Employees' compensation	12	12	19	21
Weighted average number of common stock used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	_300,012	_300,012	_300,019	300,021

If the Group offered to settle compensation paid to employees in cash or stocks, the Group assumed the entire amount of the compensation would be settled in stocks and the resulting potential stocks were included in the weighted average number of stocks outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, if the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential stocks was included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of stocks to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

24. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Group entered into the following non-cash investing activities:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2018	2017	
Investing activities affecting both cash and non-cash transactions			
Increase in property, plant and equipment Net changes of prepayment for equipment Net changes of trade payables	\$ 407,694 25,533 	\$ 101,866 1,378 	
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$ 433,709	\$ 269,280	

25. OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

The Company as Lessee

Operating leases relate to leases of office with lease term between 6 and 20 years.

The future minimum lease payments of non-cancellable operating lease commitments were as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2018	2017	2017	
No later than 1 year	\$ 468	\$ 1,871	\$ 1,952	
Later than 1 year and not later than 3 years		————————————————————————————————————	468	
	\$ 468	\$ 1,871	\$ 2,420	

26. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value are approximately equal to their fair value.

- b. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

September 30, 2018

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Mutual funds	\$ 114,859	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,859
Trade receivables - related parties			46,880	46,880
	<u>\$ 114,859</u>	\$ -	\$ 46,880	<u>\$ 161,739</u>
December 31, 2017				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Non-derivative financial assets held for trading	\$ 874,052	\$ <u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 874,052

September 30, 2017

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Non-derivative financial assets held for trading	\$ 162,959	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>\$ 162,959</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 in the current and prior periods.

2) Valuation techniques and assumption applied for the purpose of measuring fair value

The fair value of mutual funds traded on an active market is the net asset value on the balance sheet date. If there is no market price, the fair value is determined by the redemption value. The estimates and assumptions used by the Group were consistent with those that market participants would use in setting a price for the financial instrument.

For trade receivables - related parties that are measured at FVTPL and have a 4-day credit period, the fair value is measured according to the original invoice amount and the effect of discounting is immaterial.

c. Categories of financial instruments

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Financial assets			
Fair value through profit or loss Held for trading Mandatorily at FVTPL Loans and receivables (Note 1) Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 2)	\$ - 161,739 - 7,659,292	\$ 874,052 - 7,886,477 -	\$ 162,959 - 7,864,914 -
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 3)	1,779,308	1,499,745	1,408,340

- Note 1: The balances included loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables and other receivables.
- Note 2: The balances included financial assets measured at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, part of trade receivables and other receivables.
- Note 3: The balances included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprise short-term borrowings, notes payable, trade payables and part of other payables.

d. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include financial assets at FVTPL, trade receivables, trade payables, and borrowings. The Group's Corporate Treasury function coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates.

There had been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks were managed and measured. Sensitivity analysis evaluates the impact of a reasonably possible change in interest or foreign currency rates over a year. Details of sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk and for interest rate risk are set out in (a) and (b) below.

a) Foreign currency risk

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 30.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the Renminbi, U.S. dollar and Japanese yen.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in the functional currency against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in pre-tax profit associated with the functional currency strengthen 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of the functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and the balances below would be negative.

	For the Ni	Renminbi For the Nine Months Ended September 30		U.S. Dollar For the Nine Months Ended September 30		Japanese Yen For the Nine Months Ended September 30		
	2018	2017	2018	2017		2018		2017
Gain (loss)	\$ (280,328)	\$ (290,351)	\$ (32,694)	\$ (57,202)	\$	(1,550)	\$	(2,762)

These were mainly attributable to the exposure outstanding on Renminbi-, U.S. dollar - and Japanese yen-denominated cash in bank, repurchase agreement collateralized by bonds, receivables and payables, which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

b) Interest rate risk

The carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rate at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Fair value interest rate risk			
Financial assets	\$ 5,860,739	\$ 3,643,271	\$ 5,760,292
Financial liabilities	-	-	-
Cash flows interest rate risk			
Financial assets	1,185,265	3,178,750	1,623,050
Financial liabilities	-	-	-

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. A 25-basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 would increase/decrease by \$2,222 thousand which were mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its demand deposits and time deposits.

If interest rates had been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 would increase/decrease by \$3,043 thousand which were mainly attributable to the Group's exposure to interest rates on its demand deposits and time deposits.

2) Credit risk

The Group's concentration of credit risk of 59%, 48% and 47% in total trade receivables as of September 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017, respectively, were related to the Group's largest customer within the vehicle department and the five largest customers within the parts department.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of September 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and September 30, 2017, the available unutilized borrowings facilities were \$5,700,000 thousand, \$5,700,000 thousand and \$5,700,000 thousand.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables had been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

September 30, 2018

	Within One Month	1 to 3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing	\$ 1,630,876	\$ 105,695	\$ 42,737	

December 31, 2017

	Within One Month	1 to 3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year
Non-derivative financial liabilities			
Non-interest bearing	\$ 1,382,883	\$ 62,984	\$ 53,878
<u>September 30, 2017</u>			
	Within One Month	1 to 3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year
Non-derivative financial liabilities			
Non-interest bearing	\$ 1,273,675	\$ 62,528	\$ 72,137

28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, the Group had business transactions with the following related parties:

a. Related parties

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
Investors that have significant influence over the Group	
Nissan Motor Corporation ("Nissan")	Equity-method investor of the Company
Yulon Motor Co., Ltd. ("Yulon")	Same as above
Other parties	
Nissan Trading Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Nissan
Nissan Trading Europe Ltd.	Same as above
Nissan Trading (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Nissan Trading China Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Nissan Motor Egypt S.A.E.	Same as above
Nissan Import Egypt, Ltd.	Same as above
PT. Nissan Motor Indonesia ("NMI")	Same as above
Nissan Mexicana, S.A. De C. V.	Same as above
Nissan Motor (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Same as above
PT Nissan Motor Distributor Indonesia	Same as above
Nissan North America, Inc.	Same as above
Nissan International SA	Same as above
Nissan Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Nissan
Nissan Philippines Inc.	Same as above
INFINITI Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Renault Nissan Automotive India Private Ltd.	Same as above
Autech Japan, Inc.	Same as above
Dongfeng Nissan Passenger Vehicle Co.	Same as above
Zhenzhou Nissan Automobile Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Allied Engineering Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Chien Tai Industry Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taiwan Calsonic Co., Ltd.	Same as above
	(Continue

Related Party

Taiwan Acceptance Corporation Yueki Industrial Co., Ltd. Yu Pong Business Co., Ltd. Yushin Motor Co., Ltd. Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd. Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing Co., Ltd.

Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd. Empower Motor Co., Ltd. Uni Auto Parts Co., Ltd.

Chan Yun Technology Co., Ltd.

Singan Co., Ltd.
Y-teks Co., Ltd.
Sinjang Co., Ltd.
Luxgen Motor Co., Ltd.
Yue Sheng Industrial Co., Ltd.
Yulon Energy Service Co., Ltd.
Univation Motor Philippines, Inc.

Uni Calsonic Corporation

China Ogihara Corporation Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd. Chen Long Co., Ltd. Yulon Management Co., Ltd.

ROC Spicer Co., Ltd. Chi Ho Corporation Yu Tang Motor Co., Ltd.

Tokio Marine Newa Insurance Co., Ltd.

Hua-Chuang Automobile Information Technical

Center Co., Ltd. Taiway, Ltd.

Kian Shen Corporation Hui-Lian Motor Co., Ltd.

Le-Wen Co., Ltd.

Visionary International Consulting Co., Ltd.

Tai Yuen Textile Co., Ltd. San Long Industrial Co., Ltd. Sin Etke Technology Co., Ltd.

Singgual Technology Co., Ltd. Hsiang Shou Enterprise Co., Ltd. Hong Shou Culture Enterprise Co., Ltd.

Shinshin Credit Corporation

Yu Pool Co., Ltd. Yu-Jan Co., Ltd.

Tang Li Enterprise Co., Ltd. Ding Long Motor Co., Ltd. Lian Cheng Motor Co., Ltd. CL Skylite Trading Co., Ltd. Yuan Jyh Motor Co., Ltd.

Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd.

Subsidiary of Yulon

Same as above Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above Same as above

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Same as abov

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Substantial related party of Yulon

Same as above Same as above Same as above

Same as above

Same as above Same as above

Same as above Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above

Same as above
Same as above

Subsidiary of Hua-Chuang Automobile Information Technical Center Co., Ltd.

Subsidiary of Singan Co., Ltd.

Same as above

Subsidiary of Taiwan Acceptance

Corporation

Subsidiary of Yushin Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yu Tang Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Chen Long Co., Ltd.

Same as above

Sub-subsidiary of Chen Long Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd. Subsidiary of Ka-Plus Automobile Leasing

Co., Ltd.

(Continued)

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
Hsieh Kuan Manpower Service Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd.
Tan Wang Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd.
Carnival Textile Industrial Corporation	Substantial related party of the Company
Y.M. Hi-Tech Industry Ltd.	Subsidiary of China Ogihara Corporation
DFS Industrial Group Co., Ltd.	Substantial related party of Dongfeng Nissan Passenger Vehicle Co.
Luxgen Taoyuan Motor Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary of Luxgen Motor Co., Ltd.
Luxgen Taichung Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Luxgen Kaohsiung Motor Co., Ltd.	Same as above
ROC-Keeper Industrial Ltd.	Subsidiary of ROC Spicer Co., Ltd.

(Concluded)

b. Related party transaction details

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which were related parties of the Company, had been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and parties were disclosed below:

1) Operating transactions

		Months Ended nber 30	For the Nine Months Ended September 30			
	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Sales						
Taiwan Acceptance Corporation Investors that have	\$ 5,531,920	\$ 6,868,641	\$ 19,918,988	\$ 23,520,281		
significant influence	3,291	4,992	10,337	17,808		
Other parties	786,841	862,631	2,551,157	2,610,389		
	\$ 6,322,052	<u>\$ 7,736,264</u>	\$ 22,480,482	\$ 26,148,478		
Service revenue						
Autech Japan, Inc.	\$ 5,005	\$ 6,183	\$ 30,977	\$ 14,009		
Nissan	8,885	3,978	19,012	7,381		
	<u>\$ 13,890</u>	<u>\$ 10,161</u>	\$ 49,989	\$ 21,390		

The Company designs and performs R&D of cars mainly for Autech Japan, Inc. Service revenue is recognized according to the related contracts.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Other operating revenue								
Yulon Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd. Other parties	\$	7,655 1,685 8,557	\$	4,510 4,210 15,644	\$	16,715 6,023 31,774	\$	20,921 5,599 39,123
	\$	17,897	\$	24,364	\$	54,512	\$	65,643

Other operating revenue mainly arose from selling steel plates, steel and aluminum parts, and extending warranty services.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ende September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Operating costs - purchases								
Yulon Investors that have	\$	5,139,921	\$	5,849,925	\$	17,638,892	\$	20,668,104
significant influence		5,261		4,183		46,326		16,944
Other parties	-	3,984	-	8,631	-	12,934		26,534
	\$	5,149,166	<u>\$</u>	5,862,739	<u>\$</u>	17,698,152	\$_	20,711,582
Operating costs - TCA								
Nissan	\$	87,441	\$	109,187	\$	319,249	\$	378,982
Autech Japan, Inc.	_	13,523	-	12,615		66,623	-	37,457
	\$	100,964	\$	121,802	<u>s</u>	385,872	\$	416,439

The Company's TCA is the payment for technical cooperation agreements.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Operating expenses - rental								
Yulon Ka-Plus Automobile	\$	15,152	\$	4,118	\$	43,645	\$	12,796
Leasing Co., Ltd. Other parties		1,982 733	-	2,111 1,126	-	6,167 3,063		6,792 3,577
	\$	17,867	\$	7,355	\$	52,875	\$	23,165

The Company's rental expenses paid monthly are primarily comprised of customer service system, building property, car testing expenses, cars and driving service for its executives.

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Selling and marketing expenses								
Yu Chang Motor Co., Ltd. Investors that have	\$	48,061	\$	93,760	\$	184,306	\$	244,970
significant influence		3,513		4,270		8,714		11,456
Other parties		421,678		443,686	_	1,205,033		1,271,954
	\$	473,252	\$	541,716	\$	1,398,053	\$	1,528,380
General and administrative expenses								
Yulon Management Co., Ltd. Investors that have	\$	43,689	\$	43,713	\$	130,989	\$	131,013
significant influence		3,010		3,299		9,684		8,103
Other parties		1,353	_	1,476		5,682	-	7,089
	\$	48,052	\$	48,488	\$	146,355	\$	146,205
Research and development expenses								
Yulon Investors that have	\$	38,980	\$	9,960	\$	69,201	\$	22,655
significant influence		20,404		4,746		24,731		7,338
Other parties	-	1,968	_	2,232	:==	12,788	-	14,429
	\$	61,352	\$	16,938	\$	106,720	\$	44,422

Selling and marketing expenses are payment to other parties for advertisement and promotion.

General and administrative expenses are payment to Yulon Management Co., Ltd. for consulting, labor dispatch and IT services.

Research and development expenses are payment for sample products, trial fee and System.

Purchases of property, plant and equipment from related parties are detailed as follows:

		e Months Ended mber 30		Months Ended nber 30
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Investors that have significant influence Other parties	\$ - 14,753	\$ 2,606 1,342	\$ - 20,397	\$ 2,673 6,476
	\$ 14,753	<u>\$ 3,948</u>	\$ 20,397	\$ 9,149

2) Non-operating transactions

		Months Ended nber 30	For the Nine Months Ender September 30			
Other revenue	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Other revenue						
Tokio Marine Newa Insurance Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 456</u>	\$ 384	\$ 1,420	\$ 1,296		
Overseas business expense						
Yulon Management Co.,	4 1000		4 2 222	4.550		
Ltd. Other parties	\$ 1,032	\$ 387	\$ 2,809	\$ 1,557 479		
×	\$ 1,032	\$ 387	\$ 2,809	\$ 2,036		
Other losses						
Investors that have significant influence	<u> </u>	\$ 6	<u> </u>	\$ 83		

3) Receivables from related parties

Notes receivable	_	mber 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017	Sept	tember 30, 2017
Yushin Motor Co., Ltd. Yuan Lon Motor Co., Ltd.	\$	804 8,717	\$	1,235 377	\$	-
Trade receivables	<u>\$</u>	9,521	\$	1,612	\$	
Taiwan Acceptance Corporation Yulon Investors that have significant influence Other parties	\$	313,627 146,774 11,798 113,491	\$	412,802 382,335 8,528 94,291	\$	174,836 108,332 11,521 103,281
	\$	585,690	\$	897,956	\$	397,970

Trade receivables from Yulon are mainly commodity tax paid by the Company on behalf of Yulon.

Trade receivables from related parties are unsecured. For the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, no impairment loss was recognized for trade receivables from related parties.

4) Payables to related parties

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,
	2018	2017	2017
Trade payables			
Yulon	\$ 532,717	\$ 419,184	\$ 225,639
Nissan	122,553	84,896	164,441
Other parties	257,521	371,384	278,129
	\$ 912,791	\$ 875,464	\$ 668,209

Trade payables from related parties are unsecured.

5) Refundable deposits

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		September 30, 2017	
Yulon Yu Sing Motor Co., Ltd.	\$	94,617	\$	96,770 800	\$	373,496 800
	\$	94,617	\$	97,570	<u>\$</u>	374,296

Refundable deposits are mainly for materials the Company paid to Yulon.

6) Prepayments

		September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		September 30, 2017	
Yulon Management Co., Ltd. Investors that have significant influence	\$	43,650 9,981	\$	10,866	\$	43,650 11,119	
	\$	53,631	\$	10,866	\$	54,769	

Prepayments are mainly to Yulon Management Co., Ltd. for consulting, labor dispatch and IT services.

7) Contract liabilities

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2018	2017	2017	
Autech Japan, Inc.	\$ 80,946	\$	<u> </u>	

The Company designs and develops car models for Autech Japan, Inc. and, according to the related contracts, receives payments before satisfying performance obligations. Those contract liabilities are recognized as current and non-current liabilities according to the timing of revenue recognition.

8) Receipts in advance

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2018	2017	2017	
Autech Japan, Inc.	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 113,331</u>	\$ 59,933	

The Company designs and develops car models for Autech Japan, Inc., and according to the related contracts to receive payments in advance. Those service revenue receipts in advance are recognized as current and non-current liabilities according to the timing of revenue recognition.

c. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Three Months Ended September 30			For the Nine Months Ended September 30				
		2018		2017		2018		2017
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$	10,194 635	\$	11,539 629	\$	33,431 1,876	\$	33,378 1,593
	\$	10,829	\$	12,168	\$	35,307	\$	34,971

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

d. Other transactions with related parties

1) The Company sold trade receivables to Taiwan Acceptance Corporation

The Company sold to Taiwan Acceptance Corporation trade receivables which amounted to \$1,422,761 thousand and \$1,485,900 thousand for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company had received \$1,375,881 thousand and \$1,459,671 thousand, respectively. Based on the related contract, the amount of receivables sold is limited to the amount of pledges from the original debtor to Taiwan Acceptance Corporation. The Company's interest intervals of the rates for trade receivables sold to Taiwan Acceptance Corporation for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were 2.32% and 2.34%-2.43%, respectively; and the Company's interest expenses recognized were \$710 thousand and \$758 thousand, respectively.

As of September 30, 2018, the abovementioned unreceived amount of receivables sold is \$46,880 thousand. The Company sold trade receivables to Taiwan Acceptance Corporation without recourse. The sale will result in derecognizing these trade receivables because the Company will transfer the significant risks and rewards relating to them. These trade receivables are classified as at FVTPL under IFRS 9, because the objective of the Company's business model is achieved by selling financial assets.

2) The Company signed a molds contract with Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd.

The molds contract is valid from the date of the contract to the end of production of the car model. The Company re-signed the molds contract in June 2016. The revised contract amount is \$1,021,491 thousand (excluding of tax), which was originally \$1,080,206 thousand (excluding of tax). The total newly-signed contract amount in November 2016 and December 2016 was \$262,139 thousand (excluding of tax), and the installment payments will be disbursed according to the progress under the contract schedule. As of September 30, 2018, the Company had already paid the contract amount in full (recognized as property, plant, and equipment). Besides, within the contract period, the Company should pay to Diamond Leasing Service Co., Ltd., before the end of January of every year, the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amounts paid for molds in the prior year.

3) The Company signed a molds contract with Shinshin Credit Corporation

The molds contract is valid from the date of the contract to the end of production of the car model. The contract amount is \$56,828 thousand (excluding of tax). The total newly-signed contract amount in August 2018 was \$85,242 thousand (excluding of tax). As of September 30, 2018, the Company had already paid the contract amount in full (recognized as property, plant and equipment). Besides, within the contract period, the Company should pay to Shinshin Credit Corporation, before the end of January of every year, the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amounts paid for molds in the prior year.

4) The Company signed a molds contract with Sinjang Co., Ltd.

The molds contract is valid from the date of the contract to the end of production of the car model. The contract amount is \$56,176 thousand (excluding of tax). The total newly-signed contract amount in August 2018 was \$84,264 thousand (excluding of tax). As of September 30, 2018, the Company had already paid the contract amount in full (recognized as property, plant and equipment). Besides, within the contract period, the Company should pay to Sinjang Co., Ltd., before the end of January of every year, the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amounts paid for molds in the prior year.

5) The Company signed a molds contract with Chan Yun Technology Co., Ltd.

The molds contract is valid from the date of the contract to the end of production of the car model. The contract amount is \$27,744 thousand (excluding of tax). The total newly-signed contract amount in August 2018 was \$41,616 thousand (excluding of tax). As of September 30, 2018, the Company had already paid the contract amount in full (recognized as property, plant and equipment). Besides, within the contract period, the Company should pay to Chan Yun Technology Co., Ltd., before the end of January of every year, the amount of \$2.6 for every ten thousand dollars of the accumulated amounts paid for molds in the prior year.

29. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of September 30, 2018 were as follows:

a. The Company re-signed a manufacturing contract with Yulon, effective on or after May 1, 2015, for 5 years. This contract, for which the first expiry date was on April 30, 2020, is automatically extended annually unless either party issues a termination notice at least three months before expiry. The contract states that the Company authorizes Yulon to manufacture Nissan automobiles and parts, and after-sales service.

The Company is responsible for developing new car models, refining designs, and providing the sales projection to Yulon. Yulon is responsible for transforming the sales projections into manufacturing plans, making the related materials orders and purchases, providing product quality assurance, delivering cars, and shouldering warranty expenses due to any defects in products made by Yulon.

b. The Company has a contract with Taiwan Acceptance Corporation for sale and purchase of vehicles. Besides, Taiwan Acceptance Corporation separately signed with dealers contracts for display of vehicles. If any dealer violates the display contract, resulting in the need for Taiwan Acceptance Corporation to recover the display vehicles, the Company must assist in the settlement or buy-back the vehicles at the original price. From the date of signing the sale and purchase contract to September 30, 2018, no buy-back of vehicles has occurred.

c. Unrecognized commitments

	September 30,	December 31,	September 30,	
	2018	2017	2017	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	\$ 148,706	\$ 180,059	\$ 242,142	

30. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies aggregated by the foreign currencies other than functional currencies and the related exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and Foreign Currency)

September 30, 2018

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items RMB USD JPY RMB	\$ 1,262,520 21,421 115,198 704	0.1454 (RMB:USD) 30.525 (USD:NTD) 0.2692 (JPY:NTD) 4.4360 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 5,603,443 653,876 31,011 3,123 \$ 6,291,453
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items JPY	59	0.2692 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 16

December 31, 2017

	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items RMB USD RMB JPY	\$ 847,522 39,010 154,288 351,864	4.5650 (RMB:NTD) 29.760 (USD:NTD) 0.1530 (RMB:USD) 0.2642 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 3,868,938 1,160,938 702,520 92,962 \$ 5,825,358
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items JPY	179	0.2642 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 47
September 30, 2017			
	Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets			
Monetary items RMB USD JPY RMB	\$ 1,273,207 37,806 205,474 213	0.1507 (RMB:USD) 30.260 (USD:NTD) 0.2691 (JPY:NTD) 4.5510 (RMB:NTD)	\$ 5,806,055 1,144,048 55,293 971 \$ 7,006,367
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items JPY	179	0.2691 (JPY:NTD)	\$ 48

The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30						
	2018		2017				
Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)	Exchange Rate	Net Foreign Exchange Gain (Loss)			
RMB RMB USD JPY	4.5010 (RMB:NTD) 0.1471 (RMB:USD) 30.672 (USD:NTD) 0.2752 (JPY:NTD)	\$ (110) (26,153) 7,884 (1,236)	4.5350 (RMB:NTD) 0.1500 (RMB:USD) 30.267 (USD:NTD) 0.2726 (JPY:NTD)	\$ (6,225) 107,149 (20,588) 837			
		<u>\$ (19,615)</u>		<u>\$ 81,173</u>			

For the Nine Months Ended September 30

	Tot the Pine Planting Educat September 30						
	2018		2017				
E-wire Comments	E-large Date	Net Foreign Exchange	E I D.	Net Foreign Exchange			
Foreign Currencies	Exchange Rate	Gain (Loss)	Exchange Rate	Gain (Loss)			
RMB	4.5940 (RMB:NTD)	\$ (3,253)	4.4920 (RMB:NTD)	\$ (307,965)			
RMB	0.1536 (RMB:USD)	(35,260)	0.1470 (RMB:USD)	126,287			
USD	29.915 (USD:NTD)	38,497	30.539 (USD:NTD)	(156,609)			
JPY	0.2728 (JPY:NTD)	797	0.2729 (JPY:NTD)	5,115			
		\$ 781		\$ (333,172)			

31. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Information about significant transactions and investees:
 - 1) Financing provided to others: None
 - 2) Endorsements/guarantees provided: None
 - 3) Marketable securities held (excluding investment in subsidiaries and associates): Table 1 (attached)
 - 4) Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at cost or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 2 (attached)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 3 (attached)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: Table 4 (attached)
 - 9) Trading in derivative instruments: None
 - 10) Information on investees: Table 5 (attached)
 - 11) Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions: Table 6 (attached)
- b. Information on investments in mainland China
 - 1) Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income or loss, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the period, repatriated investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area: Table 7 (attached)

- 2) Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third area, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses: None
 - a) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the period.
 - b) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the period.
 - c) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resultant gains or losses.
 - d) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the period and the purposes.
 - e) The highest balance, the end of period balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to financing of funds.
 - f) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the period or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receiving of services.

32. SEGMENTS INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. Specifically, the Group's reportable segments were as follows:

Vehicle segment: Vehicle sales

Part segment: Parts sales

Investment segment: Overseas business activities

Other segment: Other operating activities other than the above segments

a. Segment revenues and results

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments.

	Rev	enue	Profit Before Tax			
		Months Ended aber 30	For the Nine Months Ende September 30			
	2018	2018 2017		2017		
Vehicle segment	\$ 20,005,109	\$ 23,618,791	\$ 908,467	\$ 1,754,637		
Part segment	2,813,087	2,913,155	517,222	513,282		
Investment segment	-	-	4,648,552	4,335,739		
Other segment	113,514	91,233	(352,802)	(445,511)		
	\$ 22,931,710	\$ 26,623,179	5,721,439	6,158,147		
Gain on disposal of property,						
plant and equipment			-	104		
Interest income			39,026	170,913		
Gain on fair value changes of						
financial assets at fair value						
through profit or loss, net			4,856	2,959		
				(Continued)		

	Revenue			Profit Before Tax			
	For the Nine I Septen	For		Months Ended iber 30			
	2018	2017	2018			2017	
Foreign exchange gain (loss),							
net			\$	781	\$	(333,172)	
Interest expense				(710)		(10,897)	
Gain on disposal of investments, net				2,450		3,944	
Central administration costs						-	
and directors' compensation				(11,250)	-	(11,700)	
Profit before tax			\$ 5	,756,592	\$	5,980,298 (Concluded)	

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017.

Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment, excluding the allocation of gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, interest income, gain on fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, net, foreign exchange gain (loss), net, interest expense, gain on disposal of investments, net, central administration costs and directors' compensation, and income tax expense. The amount is provided to the chief operating decision maker for allocating resources and assessing the performance.

b. Segment total assets

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	September 30, 2017
Vehicle segment	\$ 1,504,103	\$ 1,392,785	\$ 1,338,878
Part segment	20,048	28,623	43,444
Investment segment	13,912,622	15,251,359	13,543,002
Other segment	58,080	57,817	43,936
	15,494,853	16,730,584	14,969,260
Unallocated assets	8,717,704	9,046,203	9,143,135
Consolidated total assets	\$ 24,212,557	\$ 25,776,787	\$ 24,112,395

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Note									
	Market Value or Net Asset Value (Note)		\$ 30,322		29,825	19,690	14,360	10,340	5,430	4,892
September 30, 2018	Percentage of Ownership		•				,	•		
Septembe	Carrying Amount		\$ 30,322		29,825	19,690	14,360	10,340	5,430	4,892
	Stocks (Thousands)		2,713		2,921	1,347	800	1,000	141	399
	Financial Statement Account		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss
	Relationship with the Investor				•	•	,			1
	Securities Type and Name	Beneficiary certificates	PineBridge Emerging Market Asia-Pacific	Strategic Bond A	PineBridge Preferred Securities Income Fund	Fuh Hwa Global Fixed Income Fund of Funds	Nomura Global Equity Fund TWD	Cathay Senior Secured High Yield Bond Fund	Allianz Global Investors Global Biotech Fund	Prudential Financial Global Infra Fund
	Investor	Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.								

Note: The fair value of the financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is calculated based on the asset's net value as of September 30, 2018.

YULON NISSAN MOTOR COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST \$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Endine Balance	Gain (Loss) on Stocks Disposal (Thousands) Amount (Note)		\$ 1.251		700		***************************************	503	0111	, ni,iu	1 475	- 6/4-67	401	- 164	1 244	100	1 130	
sal	Carrying Amount		\$ 500,000	300 000	0000		300,000	200,000	200 000	200,000	700 000	200,000	400 000	200,000	200 000	000,000	200 000	
Disposal	Amount		\$ 501,251	300 602			200 003	coe'ooc	\$01110	011,100	701 475	2	400.491		501 344		501 138	
	Stocks (Thousands)		41,824	22.012			19 072	710671	34 798	27,1,1	45.411		29 693	2067	32.864	200	40 075	
Acquisition	Amount		\$ 500,000	100.000			300 000	ooo too	500.000	200000	700,000		400.000		500.000		200 000	
Acqui	Stocks (Thousands)		41,824	7.327	•		19 077		34.798		45.411		29.693		32.864		40.075	
Beginning Balance	Amount		•	200,000	'		•		114		57		10		٠		,	
Beginnin	Stocks (Thousands)		•	14,685			()	9	,		*		•		•		•	
:	Kelationship		*				,						•		1		,	
	Counterparty		,	•											120		•	
Financial Statement			Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss		Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss	Fub Hwa Money Market Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value	through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value	
Type and Name of	Marketable Securities	Beneficiary certificates	Money	Market Fund PineBridge Taiwan	Money Market	Trust Fund	ancial	Money Market Fund	Fub Hwa Money Market		Shin Kong Chi-Shin	Money-Market Fund	Taishin 1699 Money	Market	FSITC Taiwan Money		Mega Diamond Money	
7	Company Name	5	Company, Ltd.															

Note: Shown at their original investment amount.

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Note			ı		•				1					
ayable ole	% to Total (Note 2)	(55)	48	3		3	_	7		7	_		•	,	
Note/Accounts Payable or Receivable	Payment Terms Ending Balance Total (Note 2	\$ (532,717)	313,627	22,688		17,764	8,070	12,638		9,922	5,826		1,602	2,305	
Abnormal Transaction (Note 1)	Payment Terms		,	1		•		ı			•		•	•	
Abnormal Tran	Unit Price		•	•		·	'	ι		'	•		1	•	
Details	Payment Terms	4 days after sales for parts 3 days after sales for vehicles	Same as above	14 days after sales for parts	Immediate payment for vehicles	14 days after sales for parts	Same as above	14 days after sales for parts	Immediate payment for vehicles	14 days after sales for parts	14 days after sales for parts	Immediate payment for vehicles	14 days after sales for parts	14 days after sales for parts	Immediate payment for vehicles
Transaction Details	% to Total	86	87	7		7	_	_		_	_		-	-	
Tran	Amount	\$ 17,638,892	19.918.988	344,221		344,070	302,608	270,761		251,941	251,252	•	226,897	212,717	
	Purchase/ Sale	Purchase	Sale	Sale		Sale	Sale	Sale		Sale	Sale		Sale	Sale	
	Nature of Relationship	Equity-method investor of the Company	Subsidiary of Yulon	Substantial related party of Yulon	•	Subsidiary of Yulon	Subsidiary of Vulon	Subsidiary of Yulon		Substantial related party of Yulon	Substantial related party of Yulon		Substantial related party of Yulon	Substantial related party of Yulon	•
	Related Party	Yulon	Taiwan Accentance Comoration			Vu Chang Motor Co. Ltd				Hui-Lian Motor Co., Ltd.	Chen Long Co., Ltd.		Yn Tang Motor Co., Ltd.	Yushin Motor Co., Ltd.	
	Company Name	Yulon Nissan Motor	Company, run:												

Note 1: Transaction terms are based on agreements.

Note 2: Balances shown here are based on the carrying amount of the Company.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2018

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

A 11	Bad Debts	69	
Amounts Received	in Subsequent Period	\$ 304,042	80,634
Overdue	Action Taken	•	•
ć	Amount	€9	•
Tuenomor Dato	(Note 1)	73.12	Note 2
Financial Statement Account	and Ending Balance	₩,	Trade receivables 146,774
	Nature of Relationship	(Equity-inethod investor of the Company
	Related Party	(ulon Nissan Motor Taiwan Acceptance Corporation Subsidiary of Yulon	Y Dion
	Company Name	Yulon Nissan Motor	Company, Ltd. Y ulon

Note 1: Balances shown here are based on the carrying amount of the Company.

Note 2: Trade receivables from Yulon are mainly commodity tax paid by the Company on behalf of Yulon, not arose from sales; therefore, turnover rate is not calculated.

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES
FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 39, 2018
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars and U.S. Dollars)

				Original Inves	ment Amount		As of September 30, 2018	2018	Not I			
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	September 30, December 31, 2018 2017	December 31, 2017	Stock (Thousa	%	Carrying Amount		the Investee	Note	
Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.	Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment	\$ 1,847,983 (US\$ 57,371)	\$ 1,847,983 \$ 1,847,983 (US\$ 57,371) (US\$ 57,371)	84,987	100	100 \$ 20,128,317 \$ 4,625,457 \$ 4,625,457 Notes I and 2	\$ 4,625,457	\$ 4,625,457	Notes 1 and 2	
Yi-Jan Overseas Investment Co., Ltd. Jetford Inc.	Jetford Inc.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	US\$ 57,171	US\$ 57,171 US\$ 57,171	277,17	100	US\$ 659,209	US\$ 154,620	US\$ 659,209 US\$ 154,620 US\$ 154,620 Notes I and 2	Notes 1 and 2	

Note 1: The carrying amount and related shares of profit of the equity investment were calculated based on the reviewed financial statements and percentage of ownership.

Note 2: Eliminated.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	% to Total Sales or Assets (Note 5)	1 1
	Payment Terms 9, (Note 4)	
ransaction Details	Amount (Note 3)	\$ 5,469
rT.	Financial Statement Account	Trade receivables - related parties Reduction of general and administrative expenses
Dolationshin	(Note 2)	æ
	Related Party	Jefford Inc.
	Company Name	Yulon Nissan Motor Company, Ltd.
Number	(Note 1)	, O

Note 1: Intercompany relationships are numbered as follows:

The Company is numbered as 0.

a. The Company is numerica as σ.
 b. Subsidiaries are numbered from number 1.

Note 2: Nature of relationships is numbered as follows:

a. The Company to subsidiaries is numbered as 1. b. Subsidiaries to the Company is numbered as 2.

c. Subsidiaries to subsidiaries is numbered as 3.

Note 3: Eliminated.

Note 4: The prices and payment terms for related-party transactions were based on agreements.

Note 5: If the transaction amounts are related to the balance sheet accounts, the percentages are those of the year-end balances to the consolidated total assets. If the transaction amounts are related to the income statement accounts, the percentages are the total amounts of the year to the consolidated total sales.

YULON NISSAN MOTOR COMPANY, LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2018 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, U.S. Dollars and RMB)

	£ ,	9 F	4 6	26	197	ı
Accumulated	Repatriation of Investment Income as of September 30, 2018	2,971,576	23,711) (US\$ 237,559)	24,606,052		
Acc	Rep Inc Inc	\$ (US\$	(US\$	(US\$		
	Carrying Amount as of September 30, 2018	1,836,076 \$ 60,150) (US\$	723,781 23,711)	10,603,341 24,606,052 347,366) (US\$ 788,646)	749,212 24,544}	212
	Ca Amo Septe	\$ (US\$,263 443) (US\$	1 (US\$	\$sn)	(US\$
	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 2)	460,959 \$ 15,409) (US\$	13,263	4,126,018 137,925) (US\$	49,134	6,422 215)
	Inve (N	\$ (US\$	(US\$	(US\$	\$S()	(US\$
	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	2,785,252 93,106) (US\$	40,047	10,315,044 (US\$ 344,812) (US\$	3,650)	13,107
	Nel (Lo	\$ (US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$
	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	16.55	33.12	40.00	45.00	49.00
Accumulated	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of September 30, 2018	716,856 21,700)	533,109 16,812)	537,199	35,674	18,804 593)
Accu	Ou Remit Investr Taiw Septe	\$ (US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$
t Flows	Inflow	· ·	1	ı	ı	1
Investment Flows	Outflow	(69 5	1	1	1	1
Agammanladad	Outward Outward Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2018	716,856 21,700)	533,109	537,199	35,674 1,125)	18,804 593)
A 2211	Outwar Outwar Remittanco Investment Taiwan a	\$ (US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$	(US\$
	Method of Outward Investment Remittance for (e.g., Direct Investment from or Indirect) January 1, 2018	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1	Note 1
		(1,037	761,964 194,400)	8,969,950	57,450 15,000)	38,300 10,000)
	Paíd-in Capital	\$ 3,581,037 (RMB 826,000)	76 (RMB 19	8,969,950 (RMB 2,200,000)		RMB 1
	Main Businesses and Products	Developing and manufacturing of parts and vehicles and related services	Consulting	Developing and manufacturing of parts and vehicles and related services	Developing, manufacturing and seliing of computer software and (RMB hardware and computer technology consulting	Dong Feng Yulon Used Cars Valuation, purchase, renovation, rental, selling of used cars and training.
	Investee Company	Aeolus Xiangyang Automobile Co., Ltd.	Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd. Consulting	Guangzhou Aeolus Automobile Co., Ltd.	Shenzhen Lan You Technology Co., Ltd.	Dong Feng Yulon Used Cars Co., Ltd.

Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 3)	\$11,242,560
Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	\$1,917,100 (US\$59,660)
Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of September 30, 2018	\$1,841,642 (US\$57,171)

Note 1: The Company indirectly owns these investees through Jetford Inc., an investment company registered in a third region.

The carrying amount and related investment income of the equity investment were calculated based on the reviewed financial statements and percentage of ownership. Note 2:

Note 3: The upper limit was calculated in accordance with the "Regulation Governing the Approval of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China" issued by the Investment Commission under the Ministry of Economic Affairs on August 22, 2008.